

# PGC202 PASSIVE GAUGE CONTROLLER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Publication number: D0300041001EN

Issue: A

Original Instructions



# **Declaration of Conformity**

We, Edwards,

Innovation Drive, Burgess Hill, West Sussex, RH15 9TW, UK

declare under our sole responsibility, as manufacturer and person within the EU authorised to assemble the technical file, that the product(s)

• Pirani (PRG) and Ion (IG 40) gauges connected to controllers (PGC).

D03000200	PRG20K - NW16 AI	D03000300	IG40 BA DN40CF +
D03000210	PRG20K - DN16CF SS	D03000310	IG40 EX DN40CF +
D03000220	PRG20KCR - NW16 SS	D03000410	PGC202 Pirani/Ion Contr +*
D03000201	PRG cable 5 m	D03000301	IG40 BA/EX cable 5 m bakeable +
D03000202	PRG cable 10 m	D03000302	IG40 BA/EX cable 10 m bakeable +
D03000203	PRG cable 20 m	D03000305	IG40 BA/EX cable 50 m bakeable +
D03000204	PRG cable 30 m		
D03000205	PRG cable 50 m		

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other normative document(s)

EN61010-1:2010 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement,

Control and Laboratory Use. General Requirements

EN61326-1:2013 Class B,

Industrial Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory

Use. EMC requirements. General requirements

and fulfils all the relevant provisions of

(+) 2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive

(\*) 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive

2011/65/EU Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive
2012/19/EU Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive

Note: This declaration covers all product serial numbers from the date this Declaration was signed onwards.

Larry Marini, Senior Technical

07.06.2017, Eastbourne

Date and Place

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This product has been manufactured under a quality management system certified to ISO 9001:2008

#### **Material Declaration**

In accordance with the requirements of the Chinese regulatory requirement on the Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products Order No. 32 (also known as 'China RoHS2') and SJ/T 11364 Marking for the Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products:

Product	Product Label	Meaning
PGC202 vacuum gauge controller		This product contains hazardous substances in at least one of the homogeneous materials used which are above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572 as detailed in the declaration table below.  These parts can safely be used for the environmental protection use period as indicated.

#### 材料成分声明 Materials Content Declaration

	有害物质 Hazardous Substances					
部件名称 Part name	铝 Lead (Pb)	汞 Mercury (Hg)	镉 Cadmium (Cd)	六价铬 Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	多溴联苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
印刷电路组件 (PCA) Printed Circuit Assembly (PCA)	Х	0	Х	0	0	0
电缆/电线/连接器 Cable/Wire/ Connector	Х	0	0	0	0	0
机械部件 Mechanical Components	Х	0	0	0	0	0

- O: 表示该有害物质在该部件的所有均质材料中的含量低于 GB/T 26572 标准规定的限量要求
- O: Indicates that the hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572.
- X: 表示该有害物质在该部件的至少一种均质材料中的含量超出 GB/T26572 标准规定的限量要求
- X: Indicates that the hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement of GB/T26572.

These products are EU RoHS complaint, the following Exemptions apply:

- 6(b) Lead as an alloying element in aluminium containing up to 0.4% by weight
- 6(c) Copper alloy containing up to 4% lead by weight
- 7(a) Lead in in high melting temperature type solder (i.e lead based alloys containing 85% by weight or more lead)
- (c) I Electrical and electronic components containing lead in a glass or ceramic other than dielectric ceramic in capacitors, e.g. piezoelectronic devices, or in a glass or ceramic matrix compound
- 7(c) II Lead in dielectric ceramic in capacitors for a rated voltage of 125 V AC or 250 V DC or higher
- 8(b) Cadmium and its compounds in electrical contacts
- 15 Lead in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit flip chip packages
- 34 Lead in cermet-based trimmer potentiometer elements

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## **Description**

## Validity

#### Part number

This document applies to the following products:

#### Table 1 Part numbers

Item number	Product description
D03000410	PGC202 Three-channel measuring instrument for
	passive vacuum sensors

#### Nameplate

A nameplate is located on the side of the instrument. When communicating with Edwards, stating the information on the nameplate is necessary.

#### Intended use

The PGC202 is a universal vacuum gauge controller instrument which, by combining two principles of measurement, Pirani (PRG) and ionisation gauge (IG), provides full coverage and control over vacuum pressures ranging between  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  mbar and atmospheric pressure. One IG sensor (Extractor or Bayard-Alpert) and a maximum of 2 PRG sensors can be connected.

The built-in RS232/RS485 interface permits computer controlled operation as well as the exchange of the measurement data between the PGC202 and a computer.

Operate all connected sensors in agreement with the information given in the corresponding Operating Instructions.



#### Note:

Based on the technical data please ensure the measuring instrument is suited for the application.

## Responsibility and warranty

Edwards will not assume any responsibility or warranty in cases where the operator or third persons:

- Do not observe the information given in this document.
- Do not use the product as intended.
- Modify the product in any way (conversions, repair work etc).
- Operate the product with accessories not listed in the corresponding product documentation.

Subject to technical alterations without prior notice. The figures are not binding.

## **Shipping damage**

- Examine the shipping package for any external damage.
- Remove all of the packaging material and check the instrument. If the instrument is damaged, follow the Edwards return of equipment procedures that are laid out in the back of this manual. Do not use the instrument if it is damaged.

## Safety

#### **General information**

The Edwards PGC202 controller is delivered ready for operation. This manual provides installation, operation and maintenance instructions for the PGC202. The instrument must be used as specified in this manual.

## Key to the symbols

Important instructions relating to technical safety and safe operation are emphasised by symbols.



#### **WARNING:**

Warnings are given where failure to observe the instruction could result in injury or death to people.



#### **CAUTION:**

Cautions are given where failure to observe the instruction could result in damage to the equipment, associated equipment and process.



#### **WARNING:**

Risk of electric shock.



#### Note:

General information pointing to further information, respectively reference sections.

## **Basic safety information**

During all installation, maintenance and repair activities, comply with the pertinent safety regulations.



#### **WARNING:**

Do not allow objects or liquids to enter the instrument. Coming into contact with components at mains voltage level can be dangerous to life.



#### **CAUTION:**

Improper usage can damage the instrument. Use the instrument only in agreement with the specifications issued by the manufacturer.



#### **CAUTION:**

Wrong connection and operating data can damage the instrument. Comply with all specified connection and operating data.

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## **General equipment description**

#### **PGC202**

This combination instrument offers three measurement channels, two PRG and one IG. Thus measurement of vacuum pressures over 15 full decades from 1 x 10<sup>-12</sup> mbar to atmospheric pressure is possible. Six switching thresholds permit the integration of the PGC202 within complex vacuum control facilities. The two PRG channels are immediately active upon powering up. The IG channel may be switched on and off by one of the two PRG channels or externally or manually. The operating status of the switching thresholds and the measurement systems is displayed and signalled correspondingly through the outputs.

## PRG (Pirani) method of measurement

This method of measurement covering the range of  $5 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $1 \times 10^3$  mbar utilises the heat conductance of the gas for the purpose of measuring pressure. In order to attain a response time which is as short as possible, all PRG instruments rely exclusively on the principle of the controlled Pirani where the measurement filament is part of a Wheatstone Bridge. When the temperature of the filament changes due to pressure changes, the bridge becomes unbalanced. The quickly responding control circuitry adapts the heating power for the filament so that the filament temperature reaches its nominal level thereby balancing the measurement bridge again. The displayed pressure is dependent on the type of gas. By default the display of the instrument has been calibrated for nitrogen or dry air.

## Principle of measurement for IG (Extractor or Bayard-Alpert)

This principle of measurement relies on the ionisation of gases which is used for measuring pressures. The ion current produced during ionisation is proportional to the pressure. The Bayard-Alpert gauge head (IG40 BA) is suited for pressure measurements in the high vacuum and ultra high vacuum ranges. The Extractor gauge head (IG40 EX) has been specially designed for measurements in the UHV and XHV ranges.

## Connectable gauge heads

The following gauge heads can be operated by the PGC202:

Table 2 Connectable gauge heads

Gauge heads	Product description	Item number
	PRG20K - NW16 Al	D03000200
PRG	PRG20K - DN16CF SS	D03000210
	PRG20KCR - NW16 SS	D03000220
IG	IG40 BA DN40CF	D03000300
	IG40 EX DN40CF	D03000310

# **Gauge head cables**

Table 3 Gauge head cables

Gauge head type	Product description	Item number
Gauge head cables PRG	5 m	D03000201
	10 m	D03000202
	20 m	D03000203
	30 m	D03000204
	50 m	D03000205
Bakeable (up to 200 °C) gauge head cables to IG	5 m	D03000301
	10 m	D03000302
	50 m	D03000305

## Accessories

**Table 4 Accessories** 

Gauge head type	Product description	Item number
Pirani (PRG) spares	Replacement sensing cell K	D03000209
Piralii (PNG) spares	Replacement sensing cell KCR	D03000229
Ion (IC) spares	Spare Cathode IG40 BA	D03000309
lon (IG) spares	Spare Cathode IG40 EX	D03000319

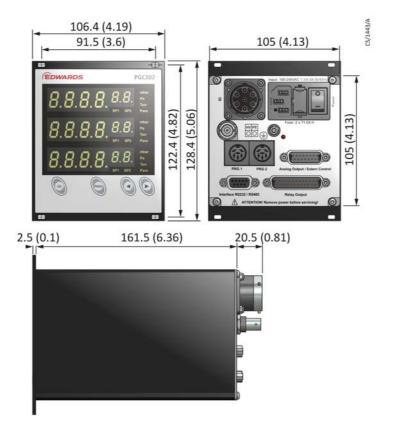
# **Technical data**

## **General data**

#### **Mechanical data**

Dimensions:	Width: 106.4 mm
	Height: 128.4 mm
	Depth: 185.0 mm
Weight:	≤ 1.4 kg
Installation depth:	≤ 280 mm approximately (including connected plugs)
Usage:	Rack installation
	Front panel installation
	Benchtop instrument

Figure 1 Dimensions (mm)



## **Standard parameters (factory defaults)**

Sensor dependent parameters

Table 5 Switching parameters, factory defaults

Parameter	Parameter description	PRG setting (mbar)	IG setting (mbar)
SP I Lo	Switching thresold 1 - lower threshold	5.0 <sup>-3</sup>	1.0 <sup>-8</sup>
5P   H	Switching thresold 1 - upper threshold	5.5 <sup>-3</sup>	1.1 <sup>-8</sup>
SP2 Lo	Switching thresold 2 - lower threshold	5.0 <sup>-3</sup>	1.D <sup>-8</sup>
SP2 Hi	Switching thresold 2 - upper threshold	5.5 <sup>-3</sup>	1.1 <sup>-8</sup>

Table 6 Sensor parameters, factory defaults

Parameter	Parameter description	PRG setting	IG setting
FiL	PRG filament material	ات (tungsten)	-
FiLE	Filter factor	-	15
6AS£ñ	PRG gas type correction characteristic	⊓2 (nitrogen)	-
685 iE	IG gas type correction factor	-	1.00
5-on	Switch-on type for sensor	-	CH5
5-oFF	Switch-off type for sensor	-	HAnd (IG40 EX) EH2 (IG40 BA)
SEnS	Sensitivity for IG gauge head	-	5.25 (IG40 EX) 1 7 (IG40 BA)

#### General parameters

Table 7 General parameters, factory defaults

Parameter	Parameter description	Setting
טח ול	Displayed unit of measurement	ьАг
AnALo6	Analog output	2
d 16 1E	Number of displayed digits	3
Бгі	Display brightness	н
ья <sub>и</sub> д	Baud rate	19.2
r5	Serial interface	232

#### **Environment**

Temperature: Storage: -20 to +60 °C

Operating: +5 to +50 °C (sea level)

+5 to +30 °C (2000 metres above sea level)

Relative atmospheric humidity: 80% maximum (up to 30 °C)

decreasing to 50% maximum (from 40 °C)

Use: Indoors (altitude 2000 m maximum above sea level)

Ingress protection type: IP40

#### **Standards**

- Conformity with respect to Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Conformity with respect to EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
- Conformity with respect to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU
- Conformity with respect to WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

International/national standards as well as specifications:

- DIN EN 61010-1 (2011) (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use).
- DIN EN 61326-1 (2013) (Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements. Industrial immunity; domestic emissions, Class B).

#### **Mains connection**

Voltage: 100 to 240 V a.c.

Frequency: 50/60 Hz

Fuses: 2 x T1.6 A H

Power consumption: < 60 W

Current consumption: 1.3 to 0.5 Amp approximately

Overvoltage category: II

Protection category: 1

Connection: Cold device plug IEC 60320 C14

#### Measurement channels

Number: 2 PRG measurement channels

1 IG measurement channel

Connection: 6-way DIN socket for PRG

Metalock Bantam UTG0187SVDEU, BNC for IG

#### PRG measurement channels

Measurement range:  $5 \times 10^{-4}$  to 1000 mbar

Measurement accuracy:  $\pm 20\%$  of measured value ( $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{-2}$  mbar)

 $\pm$  15% of measured value (10<sup>-2</sup> to 10<sup>2</sup> mbar)

Cable length: Up to 50 m

Cable length compensation: Automatic

## **IG** measurement channel

		Extractor (IG40 EX)	Bayard-Alpert (IG40 BA)
Measurement range:		2 x 10 <sup>-12</sup> to 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar	2 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> to 1 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> mbar
Measurement accuracy:		± 2% of measured value, ± 5 x 10 <sup>-13</sup> mbar	± 2% of measured value, ± 3 x 10 <sup>-13</sup> mbar
Filter time constant:		15 7 3 1 (slow fast)	
Anode voltage:	Operation:	220 V	220 V
Anode voltage.	Degassing:	480 V	480 V
Reflector voltage:	Operation:	205 V	
Cathode voltage:	Operation:	100 V	80 V
Cathode voltage.	Degassing:	10 V	20 V
Emission current:	Operation:	1.6 mA	100 μA / 10 mA
Linission current.	Degassing:	45 mA	90 mA
Switching point of emission current:			100 $\mu$ A → 10 mA: 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> mbar 10 mA → 100 $\mu$ A: 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar
Cable length: up to 50 me		ters	

## Measurement

Display rate: 4 s<sup>-1</sup>

Unit of measurement: mbar, Pa, Torr

## Switching functions / relay outputs

## **Switching function relay**

Number: 6

Assignment: 2 per channel

Response time: < 50 ms

Adjustment range: IG40 EX 1 x  $10^{-11}$  to 1 x  $10^{-4}$  mbar

IG40 BA 1 x  $10^{-8}$  to 5 x  $10^{-3}$  mbar

PRG 5 x  $10^{-3}$  to 5 x  $10^{2}$  mbar

Hysteresis: Adjustable ≥ 10% of measured value

Contact type: Changeover contact, floating

Load (resistive): Switched current: 1 Amp maximum

Switched voltage: maximum 30 V a.c./30 V d.c.

Service life: Mechanical: 5 x 10<sup>6</sup> switching cycles

Electrical: 10<sup>5</sup> switching cycles at maximum load

Connection: SUB-D, 25-way, plug

## Ready signal relay

Number: 3

Assignment: 1 per channel

Response time: < 50 ms

Contact type: Normally open contact, floating

Load (resistive): Switched current: 1 Amp maximum

switched voltage: Maximum 30 V a.c./30 V d.c.

Service life: Mechanical: 5 x 10<sup>6</sup> switching cycles

Electrical: 10<sup>5</sup> switching cycles at maximum load

Connection: SUB-D, 25-way, plug

## **Outputs and inputs**

#### **Analog output**

Number: 1 per measurement channel

Voltage range: 0 to 10 V d.c. (limit values 0 to 10.5 V d.c.)

Output voltage for fault: 10.2 to 10.5 V d.c.

Deviation of display value:  $\pm 0.2\%$ Internal resistance: 100 Ohm

Characteristic: Logarithmic

Measurement channel	AnALo6 I	AvBroe 5
IG	1.0 V d.c./decade (0 V $\triangleq$ 1 x 10 <sup>-12</sup> mbar) p = 10 <sup>-12</sup> mbar · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup> p = 10 <sup>-10</sup> Pa · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup> p = 0.75 x 10 <sup>-13</sup> Torr · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup>	1.0 V d.c./decade (0 V $\triangleq$ 1 x 10 <sup>-12</sup> mbar) p = 10 <sup>-12</sup> mbar · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup> p = 10 <sup>-10</sup> Pa · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup> p = 0.75 x 10 <sup>-13</sup> Torr · 10 <sup>U[V]</sup>
	1.67 VDC/decade (0 V $\triangleq$ 1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> mbar) p = 10 <sup>-3</sup> mbar · 10 <sup>(U[V]/1.67V)</sup> p = 10 <sup>-1</sup> Pa · 10 <sup>(U[V]/1.67V)</sup> p = 0.75 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> Torr · 10 <sup>(U[V]/1.67V)</sup>	1.286 VDC/decade (1.9 V $\triangleq$ 5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar) p = 5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar · 10 <sup>((U[V]-1.9V)/1.286V)</sup> p = 5 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> Pa · 10 <sup>((U[V]-1.9V)/1.286V)</sup> p = 3.75 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> Torr · 10 <sup>((U[V]-1.9V)/1.286V)</sup>

Response time: 100 ms approximately

Resolution: 10-bit

Connection: SUB-D, 15-way, plug (jointly used with connection

for external control)

**External control** 

PLC compatible logic level: (Low) < 7 V d.c.; 0 Amp

(High) > 13 V d.c.; 7 mA (at 24 V d.c.)

Contact via relay: 24 V d.c. approximately, is provided by the

instrument via a self-resetting fuse (100 mA)

Connection: SUB-D, 15-way, plug (jointly used with analog

output connection)

Serial interfaces

**RS232** 

Standard: RS232

Parameters: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, no protocol

Signals: RXD and TXD

Baud rate: 9600, 19200, 38400 baud

Connection: SUB-D, 9-way, socket (jointly used with RS485)

RS485

Standard: RS485 (half duplex)

Parameters: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, no protocol

Signals: A and B

Baud rate: 9600, 19200, 38400 baud

Connection: SUB-D, 9-way, socket (jointly used with RS232)

## Installation

## **Supplied equipment**

**Table 8 Supplied equipment** 

Description	Quantity
PGC202	1
Mains cord with shockproof plug (EU)	1
Mains cord with shockproof plug (US)	1
Operating Instructions	1
Spare fuses	2
Neck collar screws	4
Plastic sleeves	4
Edge protection	2
Adhesive feet	2

#### Mechanical installation

The PGC202 can be used as follows:

- Rack installation
- Front panel installation
- Benchtop instrument



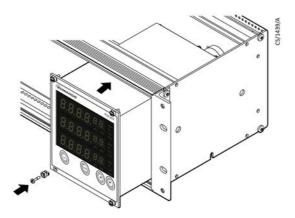
#### **WARNING:**

Install the instrument or locate it so the operator is in a position to operate the mains power switch or ensure that the instrument can be de-energised at any time.

#### **Rack installation**

The PGC202 has been designed for installation within a sub-rack (19", 3 U) in accordance with DIN EN 60297 (IEC 60297) (see Figure 2). The equipment supplied includes four neck collar screws and plastic sleeves for this purpose.

Figure 2 Rack installation

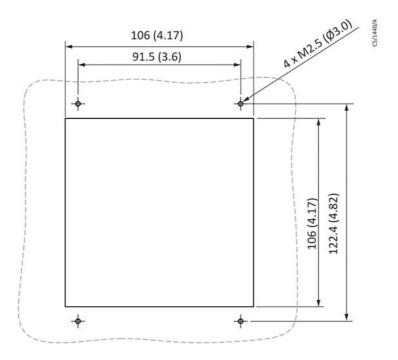


- Attach the sub-rack within the rack.
- Push the PGC202 into the sub-rack.
- Affix the instrument to the sub-rack with the neck collar screws and the plastic sleeves supplied with the product.

## Front panel installation

For panel mounting of the instrument, the following cut-out (see Figure 3) is required:

Figure 3 Front panel cut-out dimensions (mm)



- Guide the PGC202 into the cut-out.
- Affix the instrument with the neck collar screws and the plastic sleeves supplied with the product.

#### **Benchtop instrument**



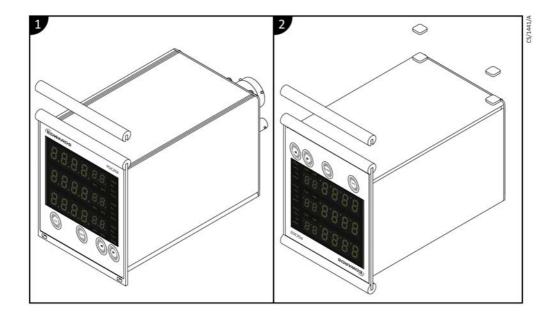
#### **WARNING:**

When using the PGC202 as a benchtop instrument fit the two edge protection rubber pieces onto the top and bottom edge of the front panel to avoid injury by sharp edges.

When intending to use the PGC202 as a benchtop instrument, then proceed as follows:

- Push one of the two edge protection rubber pieces supplied with the product over the top edge of the front panel (see Figure 4 item 1).
- Place the PGC202 on its back (see Figure 4 item 2).
- Push the second edge protection rubber piece supplied with the product onto the bottom edge of the front panel.
- Stick the two rubber feet supplied with the product onto the bottom of the housing.
- Turn the PGC202 over again and move it to the desired place.

Figure 4 Preparing the instrument for utilisation as a benchtop unit



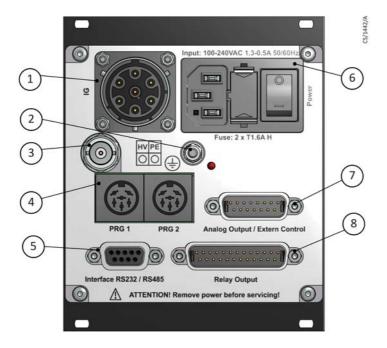
- 1. Top side
- 2. Bottom side

#### **Connections**

#### Rear side of the instrument

Figure 5 shows the rear panel of the PGC202. The way in which the individual connections have been wired is described in the following sections.

Figure 5 Rear panel of the instrument



- 1 Control signal connection for IG gauge head (IG)
- 2 Ground connection (protective earth) and shield of the PRG measurement cables
- 3 Measurement signal connection for IG gauge head (IG)
- 4 Connections for the PRG gauge heads (PRG 1, PRG 2)
- 5 Connection for the RS232 or RS485 interface
- 6 Mains connection with mains switch and fuses
- 7 Connection for analog output and external control
- 8 Connection for relay output

#### **Mains connection**



#### **WARNING:**

Appliances, which have not been professionally connected to Earth, can be life-threatening in the event of a malfunction. For this reason use 3-wire mains cords and extension cords with protective earthing only. Insert the mains plug into a mains power socket which provides an Earth contact.



#### Note:

A mains power cord is supplied with the product. If the plug on the mains power side is not compatible with the mains power outlets, provide a mains cord which meets the following specifications:

- 3-wire cable with protective earthing.
- Conductor cross-section: 3 x 0.75 mm² or greater.
- Cable length 2.5 m maximum.

The mains connection on the rear panel (see Figure 5) is not intended for use with a mains cord designed for use with heating apparatus.

- Insert the plug of the mains cord into the mains socket provided on the instrument.
- Insert the mains plug of the mains cord into the mains outlet.

#### **Earthing**



#### **WARNING:**

The vacuum chamber earth should be connected to the PCG202 protective earth terminal on the rear of the instrument.

With the aid of the earthing screw (see Figure 5 item 2) the PGC202 can be connected to the protective ground of the vacuum chamber.

#### PRG measurement channels (PRG 1 and PRG 2)



#### **WARNING:**

A special cable from Edwards is required for connection to PRG1 and PRG2. The ground connection (see Figure 5) of the special cable must be connected to the ground connection on the rear of the instrument.



#### **CAUTION:**

Gauge heads which have not been designed to be operated in connection with the PGC202 or which do not comply with current EMC guidelines can impair operation of the instrument or even damage it. Always operate the PGC202 with approved gauge heads, see Connectable gauge heads.

The connections PRG 1 and PRG 2 (see Figure 5) allow the connection of up to two PRG gauge heads (See Connectable gauge heads).

#### Connecting:

- PRG 1: connect the gauge head using the corresponding connecting cable to connection PRG 1 on the rear of the PGC202.
- PRG 2: connect the gauge head using the corresponding connecting cable to connection PRG 2 on the rear of the PGC202.

#### IG measurement channel (IG)



#### **WARNING:**

For utilising the connection IG, a special cable from Edwards must be used.



#### **CAUTION:**

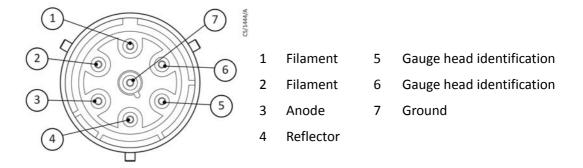
Gauge heads which have not been designed to be operated in connection with the PGC202 or which do not comply with current EMC guidelines can impair operation of the instrument or even damage it. Always operate the PGC202 with approved gauge heads, see Connectable gauge heads.

The connection IG (Figure 5) allows the connection of an Extractor or Bayard-Alpert gauge head (See Connectable gauge heads).

#### Control signals

The control signals are supplied through a 7-way Metalock Bantam connector (Figure 5 and 6).

Figure 6 Connection for the IG gauge head (Metalock Bantam UTG0187SVDEU)



#### Measurement signal



#### **WARNING:**

If during operation the IG suffers a malfunction then a live voltage may be present at the gauge head measurement signal connection (Figure 5, item 3).

Affix the touch protection component to the BNC plug on the IG cable after it is connected to the PGC202 and before the PGC202 is switched on.

The touch protection component is supplied together with the gauge head cable.

The measurement signal (ion current) is transferred via a coaxial cable to a BNC connector on the rear of the PGC202 (see Figure 5 item 3).

Pin assignment: Inside conductor: Ion current

Outside conductor: Shield

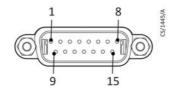
#### Connecting:

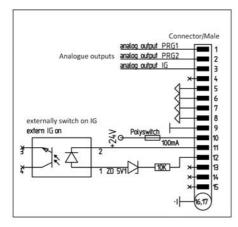
• Connect the IG gauge head through the corresponding connecting cable to the connection IG on the rear of the PGC202.

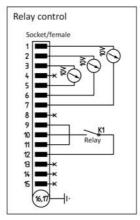
## Analog output and external control (analog output / extern control)

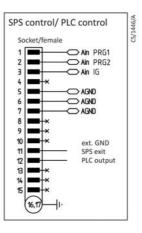
The Analog Output / Extern Control connection (Figures 5 and 7) provides the connections of the analog outputs for the signals of the individual measurement channels as well as the inputs for externally controlling the IG gauge.

Figure 7 Connection plug for analog output and external control (SUB-D, 15-way)









## Connecting:

• Connect the peripheral components using a shielded connecting cable to the connection Analog Output/Extern Control on the rear of the PGC202.

## RS232 / RS485 Interface (Interface RS232 / RS485)

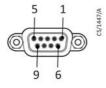


#### **CAUTION:**

When using the RS232 serial interface, use a serial extension cable with a 9-way plug and a 9-way socket. The wires in the cable must not be crossed. Utilisation of the RS485 requires a special cable.

The connection Interface RS232 / RS485 (Figures 5 and 8) permits operation of the instrument via a computer or a terminal.

Figure 8 Interface connection socket (SUB-D, 9-way)



- 1 B (RS485)
- 6 Link with 4
- 2 TxD (RS232)
- 7 Link with 8
- 3 RxD (RS232)
- 8 Link with 7
- 4 Link with 6
- 9 A (RS485)
- 5 Ground

#### Connecting:

• Connect the serial interface of the computer using a shielded cable to the connection RS232/RS485 on the rear of the PGC202.

#### **Relay output**

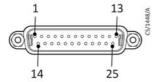


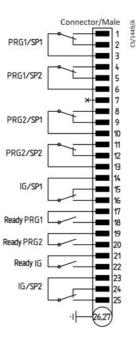
#### **WARNING:**

Voltages exceeding 60 V d.c. or 30 V a.c. are dangerous when touched. The operator may only switch output voltages of up to 30 V d.c. or 30 V a.c. with a maximum current of 1 Amp at the connector marked Relay Output. The voltage must comply with the requirements of a safety extra low voltage (SELV-E in accordance with EN 61010).

Through the connection Relay Output (Figures 5 and 9) the operator can utilise the floating relay contacts for switching purposes and ready signals.

Figure 9 Connection plug for relay output (SUB-D, 25-way)





# **Operation**



#### **WARNING:**

Do not use the PGC for safety critical applications. The PGC is not intended to be fail safe.

## **Front panel**

Figure 10 shows the front panel of the PGC202.

Figure 10 Front panel



- 1 Display of channel 1 with two corresponding switching thresholds
- 2 Display of channel 2 with two corresponding switching thresholds
- 3 Display of channel 3 with two corresponding switching thresholds
- 4 Operating pushbuttons

## **Display**

**Table 9 Display components** 

Display	Description
8.8.8.8. <sup>8.8</sup>	Measured value or status message When the measured value readout for measurement channel 3 flashes, then the degassing function for the IG gauge head is active
SP1, SP2	Switching function status.  When the symbol is lit, the pressure is then below the lower threshold.  When the symbol is not lit, then the pressure is above the upper threshold.
mbar, Pa, Torr	Pressure unit (applies to all channels)
Para	Channel selection, configuration mode for channel

#### **Control pushbuttons**

(CH)

With the pushbutton (CH) the operator can select a measurement channel. This is necessary, for example, when wanting to switch the IG gauge head on or off, or when wanting to change the sensor parameters. The number of the selected measurement channel is displayed flashing for 10 seconds.

(PARA)

Through the pushbutton (PARA) the operator can invoke the parameter mode for switching threshold, sensor and general parameters. The indicator Para for the selected measurement channel comes on. The operator can set up different parameters.

#### Arrow pushbuttons (◀ 'DOWN' / ▶ 'UP')

The arrow pushbuttons are needed to be able to enter data in the parameter mode or switch the IG gauge head on or off (see Switching on and Switching off). By operating the pushbuttons, a default value can be reduced or increased. The corresponding pushbuttons are designated in the following as 'DOWN' ( $\blacktriangleleft$ ) and 'UP' ( $\triangleright$ ).

## Switching on and off

## **Switching on**

• Switch the instrument on at the mains switch.

After switching on, the PGC202 runs the following:

- Self test
- Display test
- Display of the software version used
- Re-establishing the parameters set up last
- Identification of the connected measuring equipment
- Activation of the measurement mode

## **Switching off**



#### **CAUTION:**

Wait for at least 5 seconds before switching the instrument on again.

Switch the instrument off at the mains switch.

## **Operating modes**

The PGC202 may be operated in one of the following operating modes:

#### Measurement mode

The measurement mode is the standard operating mode. Here the measured values or status messages are displayed (see Measurement mode).

#### Parameter mode

In the parameter mode, the operator has access to different parameters. The operator can simply view the parameters or change them with the aid of the arrow keys. In this way the operator can configure the PGC202 (see Parameter mode).

#### Measurement mode

#### Selection

After switching on the PGC202 it will automatically run the measurement mode.

If running the parameter mode and when not operating a key for 10 seconds the instrument will then automatically revert back to the measurement mode.

#### **Description**

In the measurement mode the measured values of the gauge heads are displayed. When the pressure is outside the permissible range, then a status message is displayed.

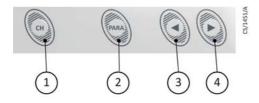
Measurement channels to which no gauge head has been connected will indicate no5En. This status message is erased after 30 seconds and 4 dots are displayed.

Table 10 Display in the measurement mode

Display	Description
1000 00	Above the permissible range (overrange)
8.888 <sup>-8</sup>	Within the permissible range
c8.88 <sup>-8</sup>	Below the permissible range (underrange)
5 off	Gauge head has been switched off
ни оп	IG is on

#### **Pushbutton functions**

Figure 11 Operating the pushbuttons



- 1 Operating the pushbutton CHANNEL
- 2 Operating the pushbutton 'PARA'
- 3 Operating the pushbutton 'UP'
- 4 Operating the pushbutton 'DOWN'

#### Measurement channel selection

- Press the pushbutton (CH).
  - The instrument selects the next measurement channel. The Para indicator for the selected measurement channel will flash for 10 seconds.

#### Parameter mode selection

- Press the pushbutton (PARA) and keep it depressed for approximately 2 seconds.
  - The instrument will change to the parameter mode (see Parameter mode).
  - If no pushbuttons are pressed within 10 seconds, the instrument will then automatically return to the measurement mode.

#### Switching the IG on

The IG gauge head can be switched on manually. For this, sensor control must be set to HAnd (see Sensor switch-on type (S-on)).

- Press the pushbutton (CH) to select measurement channel 3.
- Keep the key marked (UP) pressed for approximately two seconds.
  - The IG gauge head at measurement channel 3 is switched on. Either the measured value or a status message will be displayed (Table 10).

#### **Function Degas**

The IG gauge head can be cleaned by running the function Degas. For this the gauge head must be switched on (see Switching on) and the measured pressure must be below  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  mbar.

- Press the pushbutton (CH) to select measurement channel 3.
- Keep the key marked (UP) pressed for approximately two seconds.
  - The function Degas at measurement channel 3 is switched on. The measured value readout for measurement channel 3 flashes (Table 9).
  - The process ends automatically after 2 minutes or can be terminated prematurely by pressing the pushbutton (DOWN). Afterwards the gauge head will return to measurement mode.

#### Switching the IG off

The IG gauge head can be switched off manually. For this, sensor control must be set to HAnd (see Sensor switch-off type (S-off)).

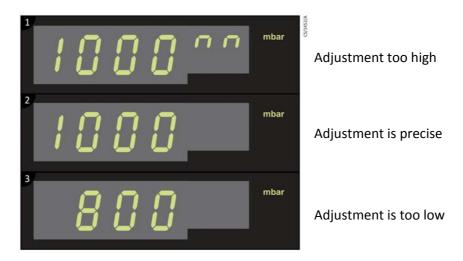
- Press the pushbutton (CH) to select measurement channel 3.
- Keep the key marked (DOWN) pressed for approximately two seconds.
  - The IG gauge head at measurement channel 3 is switched off. The display will indicate the status off.

#### **PRG** adjustment

Ageing and contamination of the sensor filament will impair the accuracy of the pressure readout. For this it is recommended that the PRG gauge head is adjusted as required. For this, the gauge head must be orientated in the same way in which it is subsequently operated. The adjustment process is performed as follows:

• Vent the vacuum system and adjust the 100% potentiometer on the PRG gauge head so that the following readout is obtained:

Figure 12 Full-scale adjustment for the PRG gauge head



- In order to ensure a stable but also precise adjustment of the 100% point, the adjustment potentiometer (100%) should be turned further by 90° in the clockwise direction after the indication of 1000 mbar has been displayed. Here the over-range indicator should just come on.
- Evacuate the vacuum system to a pressure < 5 x 10<sup>-4</sup> mbar and adjust the "0" potentiometer on the PRG gauge head so that the following reading is obtained:

Figure 13 Zero adjustment for the PRG gauge head



- Vent the vacuum system and check the 100% setting once more. Correct any deviation with the 100% potentiometer.
- If a correction of the 100% setting was necessary, then repeat the Zero adjustment.

#### Parameter mode

#### Selection

By pressing the (PARA) pushbutton for approximately 2 seconds the instrument changes from the measurement mode to the parameter mode. The Para indicator comes on for the channel selected in each case. When the instrument is running in the parameter mode and if no pushbutton is operated for 10 seconds, then the instrument will automatically return back to the measurement mode. The Para indicator for the channel which was selected in each case is turned off.

#### Parameter groups

In the parameter mode the operator has access to different parameters. The operator may view these parameters or change these with the aid of the arrow pushbuttons. In this way the instrument can be configured. Table 11 shows all available parameters.

**Table 11 Parameter groups and corresponding parameters** 

Parameter groups	Parameter
	SP I-Lo
PR-R	5P I-H 1
SP	SP2-Lo
	5P2-H ,
	FiL
	685 <sup>E,T</sup>
PACA	685 <sup>₽⊼</sup>
SEn	5- on
	5-off
	SEn5
	un ıE
	AnALo6
	d 16 1F
PA-A 6En	br ı
	Adr Pb
	ьЯud
	r5

The available parameters have been divided into the following parameter sets:

#### Switching function parameters (PA-A 5P)

These parameters affect only the sensor of the selected measurement channel. Two switching functions are available per measuring channel.

See Switching function parameters (PArA SP).

#### Sensor parameters (PA-A 5En)

These parameters affect only the selected measurement channel. Two switching functions are available per measuring channel.

See Sensor parameters (PArA SEn).

#### General parameters (PA-A 9En)

With the aid of these parameters the instrument can generally be configured. The parameters apply to all measurement channels.

See General parameters (PArA GEn).

#### **Operating concept**

From the measurement mode, the operator can select and change a certain parameter as follows:

- Press the pushbutton (CH) to select the desired measurement channel (only necessary when wanting to change a sensor parameter)
  - The Para indicator flashes for the selected channel.
- Press the (PARA) pushbutton for about 2 seconds.
  - The parameter menu has now been invoked.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to select the desired parameter group.
  - The name of the parameter group is displayed.
- Press the (PARA) pushbutton to select the desired parameter.
  - The name and the value of the parameter are displayed.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to change the value of the parameter.
  - The value of the parameter is changed.
- Repeat the last 2 steps to change further parameters from the same parameter group.

After having accessed the last parameter of a parameter group, the instrument will switch back to the measurement mode. Changes to the parameters become effective immediately and are automatically saved to the EEPROM.

When the instrument is running in the parameter mode and if for a period of 10 seconds no changes are made to the parameters, then the instrument will automatically return to the measurement mode. Any parameter changes made up to this point are automatically saved to the EEPROM.

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### **Parameters**

### Switching function parameters (PArA 5P)

Switching functions can be configured in this parameter group. The PGC202 provides the following switching function parameters:

SP I Lo	Switching function 1	low switching threshold
SP I <sup>H '</sup>	Switching function 1	high switching threshold
SP2 Lo	Switching function 2	low switching threshold
SP2 H '	Switching function 2	high switching threshold

#### **Basic terms**

#### Switching functions

The PGC202 contains 6 switching function relays, that is, the switching functions 1 and 2 are available for each measurement channel. These switch depending on the measured pressure. The contacts of the relays are floating and may be used for switching purposes through the connection marked Relay Output (see Relay output).

#### Threshold values

The switching behaviour of individual relays is defined in each case through two parameters: the lower threshold and the upper threshold value of the switching function.

### Lower threshold value (SP1 Lo, SP2 Lo)

The lower threshold value governs switching on of the assigned switching function. When the pressure drops below the lower threshold value, then the relay is energised. The common contact of the relay is then connected to the normally open contact.

## Upper threshold value (SP1 Hi, SP2 Hi)

The upper threshold value governs switching off of the assigned switching function. When the pressure exceeds the upper switching threshold, then the relay is de-energised. The common contact of the relay is then connected to the normally closed contact.

#### **Hysteresis**

In the pressure range between the two thresholds, the current relay status is maintained. Within this range the relay will not switch over and the relay status depends on the history (see Figure 14).

SP-Hi
SP-Lo

p Pressure
t Time

NO Normally open contact

COM Common contact

NC Normally closed contact

NC Normally closed contact

Figure 14 Behaviour of a switching function in response to pressure changes

The range between the lower and the upper threshold value produces a certain amount of hysteresis between switching on and switching off of the relay. The hysteresis prevents rapid switching on and off of the switching function when the pressure is close to a switching threshold.

#### **Configuring the switching functions**

- Select the desired measurement channel by operating the pushbutton (CH) several times.
- Keep the pushbutton (PARA) depressed for approximately 2 seconds.
  - The instrument is now running the parameter mode in the parameter group 5P.
- Press the pushbutton (PARA) to select the desired parameter.
  - The name and the value of the parameter are displayed.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to change the threshold value.
  - The value of the parameter is changed.
- Repeat the steps to change further parameters of the parameter group.

#### Adjustment range



#### **CAUTION:**

Select the thresholds for the Extractor gauge head in the range of  $1 \times 10^{-11}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  mbar, for the Bayard-Alpert gauge head in the range of  $1 \times 10^{-8}$  to  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  mbar and for the PRG gauge head in the range of  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  to  $5 \times 10^{-2}$  mbar.

The upper and the lower threshold value can be changed depending on the type of sensor in the range between  $5 \times 10^2$  and  $1 \times 10^{-11}$  mbar.

Hysteresis amounts to at least 10% of the lower threshold value.

# Sensor parameters (PACA 5En)

A separate set of sensor parameters exists for each measurement channel. Depending on which transmitter is connected to the respective measurement channel, different parameters are available (see Table 12).

Table 12 Available sensor parameters

Gauge heads	FIL	F iLE	685 <sup>57</sup>	6A5 ' <sup>E</sup>	5- on	5-oFF	5En5
IG		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
PRG	✓		✓				

- Select the desired measurement channel by operating the pushbutton (CH) several times.
- Keep the pushbutton (PARA) depressed for approximately 2 seconds
  - The instrument is now running the parameter mode.
- Use the arrow keys to access the parameter group  $5E_{n}$ .
- Press the pushbutton (PARA) to select the desired parameter.
  - The name and the value of the parameter are displayed.
- Use the arrow keys to change the parameter setting.
- Repeat the steps to change further parameters of the parameter group.

#### Filament material PRG (F/ L)

Filament material of the connected PRG gauge head.

Table 13 Values for the parameter FIL

Display	Description
Łu	Tungsten PRG20K - NW16 AI, PRG20K - DN16CF SS
PE	Platinum PRG20KCR - NW16 SS

### Measured Value Filter (F ルと)

The measured value filter allows for improved evaluation of noisy signals or signals suffering interference. This filter is applied to the readout on the display and to the switching functions. However, the analogue outputs are not influenced by this filter.

The measured value filter can be set to values of 1, 3, 7 or 15 where 1 represents a fast filter and 15 represents a slow filter.

In the case of a two-digit readout, we recommend a filter factor of 3, for a three digit readout, a filter factor of 15.

## Type of gas correction PRG (985<sup>th</sup>)

The PRG gauge heads are normally calibrated for measurements in nitrogen or air. With the aid of the parameter  $985^{\pm i}$  the operator can set up the measurement channel to the other

type of gas in each case. The characteristic may be selected for a gauge head between nitrogen (n2) or argon (Rr).

For this proceed as follows:

- Select the parameter 9A5<sup>E-7</sup>.
- Press the pushbutton (PARA).
  - The setup characteristic is displayed.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to change the characteristic.
  - The value of the parameter is changed.

# Type of gas correction IG (985 <sup>E</sup>)

The IG gauge heads are normally calibrated for measurements in nitrogen or air. With the aid of the parameter 985  $^{16}$  the operator can set up the measurement channel to other types of gas.

- For this proceed as follows:
- Select the parameter 985 <sup>E</sup>.
  - Press the pushbutton (PARA).
- The setup characteristic is displayed.
  - Use the arrow pushbuttons to change the characteristic.
- The value of the parameter is changed.

The correction factor for a gauge head can be set up in the range of 0.2 - 1.0 - 8.0. A setting of 1.0 returns the uncorrected value.

### Sensor switch-on type (5-pn)

This parameter defines how the IG gauge head is switched on.

The switch-on time can be set to the following values:

HAnd	Manual. The gauge head can be switched on by pressing the pushbutton (UP) (see Switching on).
ECF	Externally through optocoupler (PLC compatible high-level > 13 V d.c.; 7 mA at 24 V d.c.).
HoŁ	Warm start. The sensor is switched on automatically upon switching on the instrument. After a power failure the measurement is started automatically.
EH I	Through measurement channel PRG 1. With the aid of the next parameter t-on the operator can define a switch-on value. When the pressure in the measurement channel PRG 1 drops below the switch-on value, the sensor is switched on.
CH 2	Through measurement channel PRG 2. With the aid of the next parameter bear the operator can define a switch-on value. When the pressure in the measurement channel PRG 2 drops below the switch-on value, the sensor is switched on.

#### Sensor switch-on value (b-on)

This parameter will only appear when the sensor switch-on time has been set to EH = I or EH = I (see Sensor switch-on type (S-on)).

Through the parameter L - an the operator can define a switch-on value. When the pressure in the respective measurement channel drops below the switch-on value, the gauge head is switched on.

#### Switch-on Delay for Extractor Gauge Head (dELAY)

This parameter will only be displayed provided an Extractor gauge head has been connected and provided the sensor switch-on type has been set to EH I or EH2 (see Sensor switch-on type (S-on)).

Through the parameter dELAY the switch-on Delay for the Extractor gauge head is defined. Switch-on delays may be set up within a range of 60 to 600 seconds. Resolution is one second. The default is 60 seconds.

The switch-on delay becomes effective from the point onwards when the switch-on value set according to, Sensor switch-on value (t-on), is enabled.

### Sensor switch-off type (5-aFF)

This parameter defines how the IG gauge head is switched off.

The switch-off type can be set up to the following values:

HAnd	Manual. The gauge head can be switched off by pressing the pushbutton (DOWN) (see Switching off).
ECF	Externally through an optocoupler (PLC compatible low level < 7 V d.c.; 0 A at 24 V d.c.).
SELF	Self-monitoring. With the aid of the next parameter £-aFF, a switch-off value can be defined. When the pressure at the gauge head exceeds the switch-off value then the gauge head is switched off.
EH I	Through measurement channel PRG 1. With the aid of the next parameter $E$ - $_{0}$ FF, a switch-off value can be defined. When the pressure in the measurement channel PRG 1 exceeds the switch-off value then the sensor is switched off.
CH 2	Through measurement channel PRG 2. With the aid of the next parameter $\xi$ - $_0$ FF, a switch-off value can be defined. When the pressure in the measurement channel PRG 2 exceeds the switch-off value then the sensor is switched off.

### Sensor switch-off value (<code>t-off</code>)

This parameter will only appear when the sensor switch-off type has been set to EH I or EH Z (see Sensor switch-off type (S-off)).

Through the parameter E - aFF, a switch-off value can be defined. When the pressure in the respective measurement channel exceeds the switch-off value, the gauge head is switched off.

#### Sensitivity Setting for IG Gauge Head (55.5)

Through this menu, the sensitivity of the IG gauge head can be adjusted.

The sensitivity is adjusted through the respective sensor constant.

The sensor constant can be set up in the range 1.00 to 30.0 mbar $^{-1}$ . Resolution is 0.01 mbar $^{-1}$  in the range between 1.00 to 9.99 and 0.1 mbar $^{-1}$  in the range 10.0 to 30.0. The default for the Extractor gauge head is 6.25 mbar $^{-1}$  and for the Bayard-Alpert gauge head it is 17 mbar $^{-1}$ .

## General parameters (PACA 9En)

With the aid of these parameters the instrument can generally be configured. The parameters apply to all measurement channels.

- Keep the pushbutton (PARA) depressed for approximately 2 seconds.
  - The instrument is now in the parameter mode.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to access the parameter group  $9E_{\Omega}$ .
- Press the pushbutton (PARA) to select the desired parameter.
  - The name and the value of the parameter are displayed.
- Use the arrow pushbuttons to change the parameter setting.
- Repeat the steps to change further parameters of the parameter group.

### Unit of measurement (じっ に)

Unit of measurement for pressure values. This unit of measurement affects the displayed pressure values, threshold values etc.

Table 14 Values for the parameter unit

Display	Description
БАг	Unit of measurement mbar
Lorr	Unit of measurement Torr
PA	Unit of measurement Pascal

The unit of measurement is indicated on the display (Figure 10).

### Analog output (AnALog)

Analog output for the gauge heads.

Table 15 Values for the parameter AnALo9

Display	Description
1	Alternate mode (see Analog output)
2	PGC202 mode (see Analog output)

### Display format (♂ ♂ 上)

Number of digits on the display.

Table 16 Values for the parameter d ⋅9 ⋅ E

Display	Description
2	2 digits, for example 2.5 <sup>-1</sup>
3	2 digits, for example 2.47 <sup>-1</sup>

### Display brightness (br )

Display brightness.

**Table 17** Values for the parameter bru

Display	Description
н,	High brightness
Lo	Low brightness

### Baud rate (bAUd)

Baud rate oft he interface

 Table 18 Values for the parameter bRUd

Display	Description
9.6	Baud rate 9600 baud
19.2	Baud rate 19200 baud
38.4	Baud rate 38400 baud



#### Note:

Changing the baud rate will only become effective after having restarted the instrument.

### Interface (~5)

Selection of the interface.

Table 19 Values for the parameter *¬*5

Display	Description
232	RS232 Interface
485	RS485 Interface

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# **Computer interface**

#### **Basics**

#### Connection

The PGC202 can communicate with the computer through a serial interface. RS232 and RS485 interfaces are available. The selection is made through the parameter group PArA GEn in the parameter mode (see General parameters (PArA GEn)).

The respective connecting socket and the necessary connecting cable are described in, RS232 / RS485 Interface (Interface RS232 / RS485).

#### Nomenclature

The following terms and symbolical spellings are used in order to describe the computer interface:

Table 20 Terms computer interface

Terms	Description
Send	Data transfer from the host to the instrument
receive	Data transfer from the instrument to the host
Host	Terminal (Computer)
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange

#### Square brackets [...]

Square brackets mark parameters.

#### Sharp brackets <...>

Abbreviations in sharp brackets mark control characters. The complete term including the sharp brackets is replaced by a numerical value.

Table 21 Control characters computer interface

Terms	Value	Description
<,>	0x2C	Separator
<cr></cr>	0x0D	Terminator

#### Communication

#### **Protocol**

The following log is used for communication:

- 8 data bits
- no parity bit
- 1 stop bit

The baud rate is selectable.

- 9600
- 19200
- 38400

No hardware handshake is used. The messages are transferred by way of ASCII strings. A comma (0x2C) in the string is taken as a separating character. Space characters (0x20) or tabs (0x09) may be contained in the string. As to the communication, the computer is always the master. The input buffer of the computer must have a capacity of at least 50 bytes.

#### **General string structure**

The Address is necessary for RS485 only

The response includes the Address for RS485 only

Write command

Example: Address Command <,> [Parameter] <CR>

Response: OK

Reading command

Example: Address Command <CR>

Response: Address <,> <TAB> [Parameter] <CR>

Error code

Response: ? <TAB> X Incorrect command

Response: ? <TAB> P <,> <TAB> z Incorrect parameter,

Parameter number of the

transmitted command

Response: ? <TAB> C <,> <TAB> x

Channel x on device not available

Response: ? <TAB> S <,> <TAB> x

No sensor on Channel x connected

Response: ? <TAB> K

No divider in the command available

# **Command set (mnemonics)**

#### **Command overview**

Table 22 Mnemonics for read commands

Read commands	Description
RPV	Read Pressure Value.
Read the pressure value for a measurement channel	
RVN	Read Version Number
I V I V	Read the instrument software version number.
Read Setpoint Status	
11.55	Read the status of the switching thresholds for a channel.

**Table 23 Mnemonics for write commands** 

Write commands	Description
SHV	Set HV on/off
Silv	Switch the high voltage on or off for a channel.
SKL	Set Key Lock on/off
JKL	Switch the keylock on or off.
	Save Actual Configuration
SAC	Save the current configuration for switching threshold, sensor and general parameters.

Table 24 Mnemonics for read and write commands

Read and write commands	Description
RSA	Read Serial Address
NSA	Read address for RS485.
SSA	Set Serial Address
33A	Set address for RS485.
RGP	Read General Parameter
NOF	Read instrument settings.
SGP	Set General Parameter
Jor	Set instrument settings.
	Read Gas Correction
RGC	Read type of gas correction factor for a measurement channel.
SGC	Set Gas Correction
300	Set type of gas correction factor for a measurement channel.
RSC	Read Sensor Control
N.S.C	Read type of sensor control for a measurement channel.

Table 24 Mnemonics for read and write commands (continued)

Read and write commands	Description
SSC	Set Sensor Control
330	Set type of sensor control for a measurement channel.
RSP	Read Setpoint
INSF	Read switching thresholds for a channel.
Set Setpoint SSP	
335	Set switching thresholds for a channel.

#### Note:

All changes to values are only permanently saved to the EEPROM after having issued the write command SAC. For this reason, after having set all values, save the current configuration through the SAC write command before restarting the instrument.

### **RPV (Read Pressure Value)**

Reading a pressure value for a measurement channel.

Example: RPV[a]<CR>

Response: b[,][TAB]x.xxxxE±xx

Parameter	Description
	Channel number
	1 = Channel 1 (PRG 1)
a	2 = Channel 2 (PRG 2)
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
	Status
	0 = Measured value OK
	1 = Measured value < measurement range
	2 = Measured value > measurement range
	3 = Measured values << measurement range (Err La)
	4 = Measured values >> measurement range (قرر المرا)
b	$5 = Sensor off (5 \  \Box FF)$
	6 = HV on (HU ๒๓)
	7 = Sensor error (Err 5)
	9 = No sensor(na 5En)
	10 = No switch-on or switch-off threshold (חפבר יש)
	12 = Pirani error (Err Pı)
	16 = Measured value OK degas function
x.xxxxE±xx	Pressure value of the selected channel in the current unit of measurement

### **RVN** (Read Version Number)

Reading the version number of the instrument software.

Example: RVN<CR>
Response: x.xx<CR>

Parameter	Description
x.xx	Version number

### **RSS (Read Setpoint Status)**

Reading the status of the switching thresholds for a channel.

Example: RSS[a]<CR>
Response: b[,][TAB]c<CR>

Parameter	Description
	Channel number
la	1 = Channel 1 (PRG 1)
	2 = Channel 2 (PRG 2)
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	Status SP1
	0 = low
	1 = high
С	Status SP2
	0 = low
	1 = high

### SHV (Set HV on/off)

Setting HV on/off for IG, if switch-on and switch-off type have been set to manual.

Example: SHV[a, b]<CR>

Response: OK<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	HV on/off
	0 = off
	1 = on

### SDG (Set Degas on/off)

Start or terminate degas function.

Example: SDG[a, b]<CR>

Response: OK<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	1 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	Degas on/off
	0 = off
	1 = on

### SKL (Set Key Lock on/off)

Switching the key lock on or off.

Example: SKL[a]<CR>
Response: OK<CR>

Parameter	Description
	Key lock
	0 = off
	1 = on

### **SAC (Save Actual Configuration)**

Saving current configuration for switching threshold, sensor and general parameters.

Example: SAC<CR>
Response: OK<CR>

### **RSA (Read Serial Address)**

Read address for RS485.

Example: RSA<CR>
Response: a<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Address 1 - 126 (01 - 7E) (output in the HEX format)

## **SSA (Set Serial Address)**

Setting address for RS485.

Example: SSA[a]<CR>
Response: OK<CR>

Parameter	Description
а	Address 1 - 126 (01 - 7E) (entry must be in the HEX format)

## **RGP (Read General Parameter)**

Reading instrument settings.

Example: RGP<CR>

 $\label{eq:response:a} Response: a \cite{AB} b \cite{AB} b \cite{AB} c \cite{AB} c \cite{AB} d \cite{AB} d \cite{AB} e \cite{AB} e \cite{AB} f \cite{AB} g \cite{AB} e \cite{AB} d \cite{AB} e \cite{AB} d \cite{AB} e \cite{$ 

Parameter	Description
	Unit
	0 = mbar
а	1 = Pa
	2 = Torr
	Analog output
b	0 = Legacy controller mode
	1 = PGC202 default
	Number of displayed digits
С	0 = 2
	1 = 3
	Brightness
d	0 = high
	1 = low
	Baud rate
f	0 = 9600
Ī	1 = 19200
	2 = 38400
	Serial interface
g	0 = RS232
	1 = RS485

## **SGP (Set General Parameter)**

Setting instrument settings.

Example: SGP[a, b, c, d, e, f, g]<CR>

Response: OK <CR>

Parameter	Description
	Unit
	0 = mbar
a	1 = Pa
	2 = Torr
	X = Parameter remains unchanged
	Analog output
b	0 = Legacy controller mode
b .	1 = PGC202 default
	X = Parameter remains unchanged
	Number of displayed digits
c	0 = 2
С	1 = 3
	X = Parameter remains unchanged
	Brightness
d	0 = high
u	1 = low
	X = Parameter remains unchanged
	Baud rate
	0 = 9600
f	1 = 19200
	2 = 38400
	X = Parameter remains unchanged
	Serial interface
σ	0 = RS232
g	1 = RS485
	X = Parameter remains unchanged



#### **CAUTION:**

Changes to the baud rate address only become effective after having restarted the instrument. Before restarting, save the current configuration using the SAC write command.

### **RGC (Read Gas Correction)**

Reading the type of gas correction factor for a measurement channel.

Example: RGC[a]<CR>

Response: b<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	Gas type correction factor channel
	Format X.XX with a range from 0.20 to 8.00

### **SGC (Set Gas Correction)**

Setting the type of gas correction factor for a measurement channel.

Example: SGC[a, b]<CR>

Response: OK<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	Gas type correction factor channel
	Format X.XX with a range from 0.20 to 8.00

### **RSC (Read Sensor Control)**

Reading the type of sensor control for IG.

Example: RSC[a]<CR>

Response: b[,][TAB]c[,][TAB]x.xxxxE±xx[,][TAB]x.xxxxE±xx<CR>

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	Sensor switch-on type channel
	0 = Manual
	1 = External
	2 = n.a.
	3 = Through channel 1
	4 = Through channel 2

Parameter	Description
	Sensor switch-off type channel
	0 = Manual
С	1 = External
	2 = Self-monitoring
	3 = Through channel 1
	4 = Through channel 2
x.xxxxE±xx	Switch-on value in the current unit of measurement
x.xxxxE±xx	Switch-off value in the current unit of measurement

## **SSC (Set Sensor Control)**

Setting the type of sensor control for IG.

Example: SSC[a, b, c, x.xxxxE±xx, x.xxxxE±xx]<CR>

Response: **OK<CR>** 

Parameter	Description
a	Channel number
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
	Sensor switch-on type channel
	0 = Manual
b	1 = External
	2 = n.a.
	3 = Through channel 1 (PRG 1)
	4 = Through channel 2 (PRG 2)
	Sensor switch-off type channel
	0 = Manual
	1 = External
С	2 = Self-monitoring
	3 = Through channel 1 (PRG 1)
	4 = Through channel 2 (PRG 2)
x.xxxxE±xx	Switch-on value in the current unit of measurement
x.xxxxE±xx	Switch-off value in the current unit of measurement

### **RSP (Read Set Point)**

Reading the switching thresholds for a channel.

Example: RSP[a]<CR>

Response: b[,][TAB]c[,][TAB]d[,][TAB]e<CR>

Parameter	Description
	Channel number
	1 = Channel 1 (PRG 1)
a	2 = Channel 2 (PRG 2)
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	5P I La (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
С	5P I H (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
d	5P2 Lo (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
е	5P2 H (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)

### **SSP (Set Set Point)**

Setting the switching thresholds for a channel.

Example: SSP[a, b, c, d, e]<CR>

Response: **OK<CR>** 

Parameter	Description
	Channel number
	1 = Channel 1 (PRG 1)
a	2 = Channel 2 (PRG 2)
	3 = Channel 3 (IG)
b	5P I La (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
С	5P I H (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
d	5P2 La (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)
е	5P2 H (pressure value of the switching threshold in the current unit of measurement in the form of x.xxxxE±xx)

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## Maintenance and service

#### Maintenance

#### **General maintenance information**



#### **WARNING:**

Do not allow objects or liquids to enter the instrument. Coming into contact with components at mains voltage level can be dangerous to life.

For external cleaning please use a piece of dry cotton cloth. Do not use any aggressive or abrasive detergents.

## **Troubleshooting**

#### **Fault finding**

A malfunction of the PGC202 is indicated by an error message on the display (seeError messages).

#### **Error messages**

Table 25 Error messages

Error (display)	Fault cause and remedy
Err Lo	Measurement signal from the gauge head significantly below the permissible range.
Err Hı	Measurement signal from the gauge head significantly above the permissible range.
Err 5	Sensor error. Malfunction affecting the connection to the gauge head. The message will only be displayed in the display field for the affected measurement channel. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err P	Pressure Error. Shutdown of the IG gauge head by a pressure value which is much too high. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 01	Anode voltage error. Anode voltage under minimum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 02	Anode voltage error. Anode voltage over maximum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 04	Bias voltage error. Bias voltage under minimum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 08	Bias voltage error. Bias voltage over maximum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 10	Emission current error. Emission current under minimum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.

Table 25 Error messages (continued)

Error (display)	Fault cause and remedy
Err 20	Emission current error. Emission current over maximum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 40	Filament current error. Emission current under minimum or filament of the IG vacuum gauge head is defective. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
Err 80	Filament current error. Filament current over maximum. Acknowledge by pressing any key.
no SEn	No gauge head connected to the measurement channel. The status message disappears after 30 seconds.
notr (6	Error affecting the switch-on or switch-off channel. No switch-on or switch-off threshold has been defined for the IG gauge head (malfunction of the PRG gauge head, for example).
FiL br	Filament broken. Filament of the PRG vacuum gauge head is defective. The error message persists until the sensor is replaced.

### Help the case of faults

If the malfunction persists even after having replaced the gauge heads, please contact the nearest Edwards service office.

### **Fuse replacement**

Fuses should only be replaced with fuses of the correct type, as specified on the rear of the instrument. The two fuses are located in the fuse insert at the mains connector (Figure 5), and may be levered out using a small screwdriver.

### Repair

Send defective products for repair to the nearest Edwards service office. Edwards will not assume any responsibility or honour a warranty if the operator or third persons have attempted repair work on the PGC202.

# Storing and waste disposal

### **Storing**

Return the PGC202 to its protective packaging and store in clean dry conditions until required for use. Do not exceed the storage temperature conditions specified in Environment.

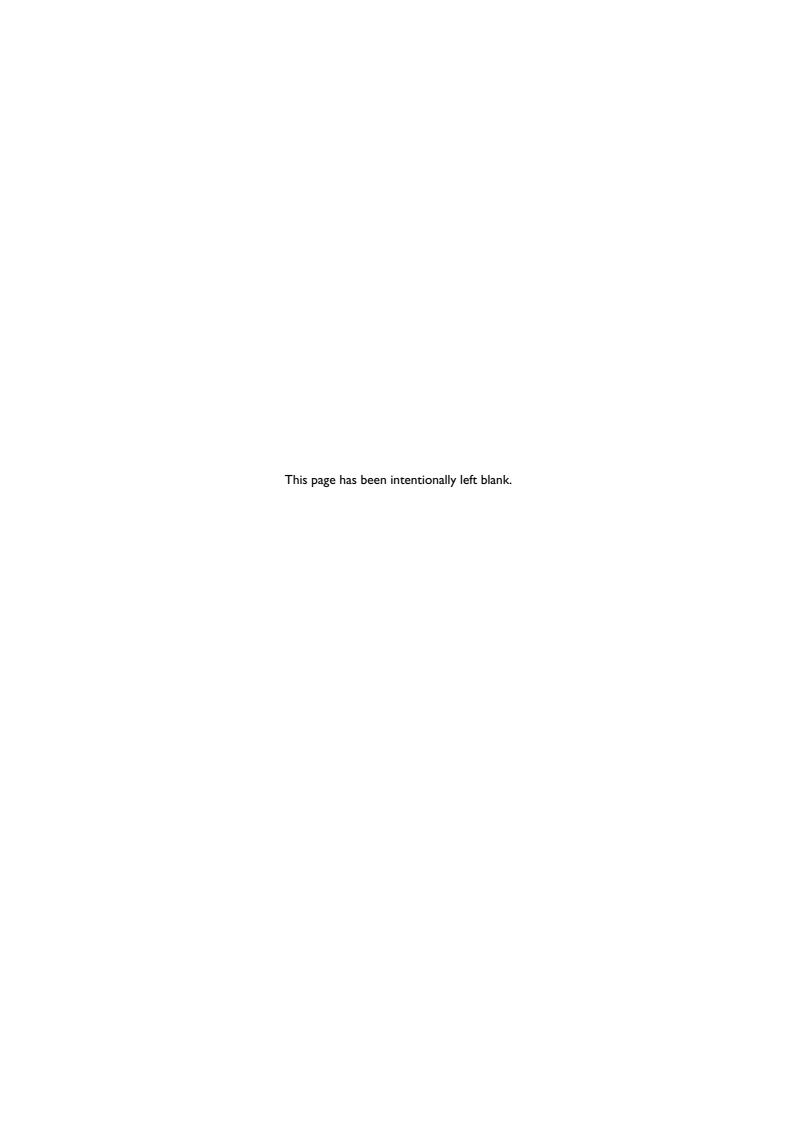
### **Disposal**

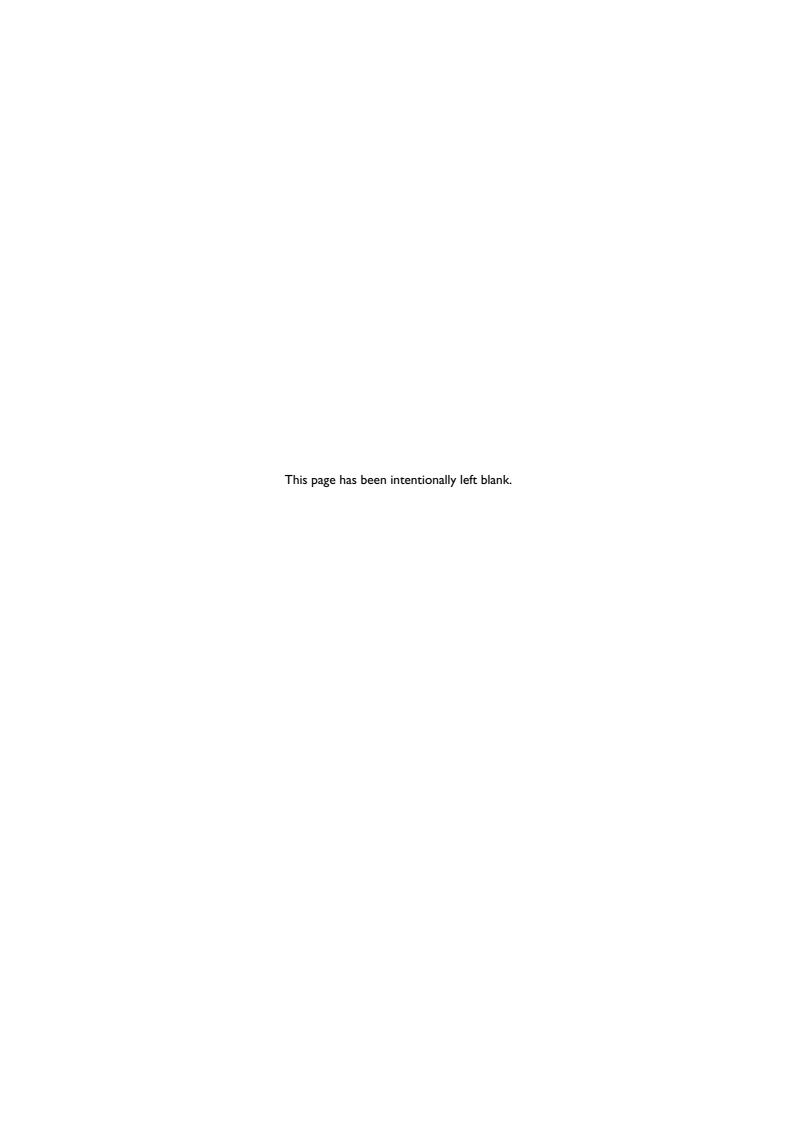
Dispose of the PGC202 and any components safely and in accordance with all local and national safety and environmental requirements.

Alternatively, the PGC202 and /or cables may be able to be recycled; contact Edwards or supplier for advice (also see below).

The PGC202 and associated cables are within the scope of the European Directive on Waste and Electronic Equipment, 2012/19/EU. Edwards offers customers a recycling service for the product / cables / associated gauge heads at the end of the product's life. Contact Edwards for advice on how to return the PGC202 and/or cables for recycling

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# Return of Edwards Equipment - Procedure

#### INTRODUCTION

Before returning your equipment, you must warn Edwards if substances you used (and produced) in the equipment can be hazardous. This information is fundamental to the safety of our Service Centre employees and will determine the procedures employed to service your equipment.

Complete the Declaration (HS2) and send it to Edwards before you dispatch the equipment. It is important to note that this declaration is for Edwards internal use only, and has no relationship to local, national or international transportation safety or environmental requirements. As the person offering the equipment for shipment, it is your responsibility to ensure compliance with applicable laws.

#### **GUIDELINES**

- Equipment is 'uncontaminated' if it has not been used, or if it has only been used with substances that are not hazardous. Your equipment is 'contaminated' if it has been used with any substances classified as hazardous under the UN Globally Harmonised System on the classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS), EU Regulation No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging (CLP) or US Occupational Safety and Health regulations (29CFR1910.1200, Hazard Communication).
- If your equipment has been used with radioactive substances, biological or infectious agents, mercury, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's), dioxins or sodium azide, you must decontaminate it before you return it to Edwards. You must send independent proof of decontamination (for example a certificate of analysis) to Edwards with the Declaration (HS2). Phone Edwards for advice.
- If your equipment is contaminated, you must either:
  - Remove all traces of contamination (to the satisfaction of laws governing the transportation of dangerous/hazardous substances).
  - Or, properly classify the hazard, mark, manifest and ship the equipment in accordance with applicable laws governing the shipment of hazardous materials.

Note: Some contaminated equipment may not be suitable for airfreight.

#### **PROCEDURE**

- 1. Contact Edwards and obtain a Return Authorisation Number\* for your equipment.
- 2. Complete the Return of Edwards Equipment Declaration (HS2).
- 3. If the equipment is contaminated, you must contact your transporter to ensure that you properly classify the hazard, mark, manifest and ship the equipment, in accordance with applicable laws governing the shipment of contaminated/hazardous materials. As the person offering the equipment for shipment, it is your responsibility to ensure compliance with applicable law. Note: Equipment contaminated with some hazardous materials, such as semiconductor by-products, may not be suitable for airfreight contact your transporter for advice.
- 4. Remove all traces of hazardous gases: pass an inert gas through the equipment and any accessories that will be returned to Edwards. Where possible, drain all fluids and lubricants from the equipment and its accessories.
- 5. Seal up all of the equipment's inlets and outlets (including those where accessories were attached) with blanking flanges or, for uncontaminated product, with heavy gauge tape.
- 6. Seal equipment in a thick polythene/polyethylene bag or sheet.

ENVELOPE OR ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE EQUIPMENT PACKAGE.

- 7. If the equipment is large, strap the equipment and its accessories to a wooden pallet. If the equipment is too small to be strapped to a pallet, pack it in a suitable strong box.
- 8. E-mail via scan, fax or post a copy of the original with signature of the Declaration (HS2) to Edwards. The Declaration must arrive before the equipment.
- 9. Give a copy of the Declaration (HS2) to the transporter. You must tell your transporter if the equipment is contaminated.
- 10. Seal the original Declaration in a suitable envelope: attach the envelope securely to the outside of the equipment package, in a clear weatherproof bag.

  WRITE YOUR RETURN AUTHORISATION NUMBER\* CLEARLY ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE
  - \* not applicable in Japan





# Return of Edwards Equipment - Declaration

Return Authorisation Number:

You must:

- Know about all of the substances which have been used and produced in the equipment before you complete this Declaration
- Read the Return of Edwards Equipment Procedure (HS1) before you complete this Declaration
- · Contact Edwards to obtain a Return Authorisation Number and to obtain advice if you have any questions
- Send this form to Edwards before you return your equipment as per the procedure in HS1

	SEC	TION 1:	EQUIPMENT	
Manufacturer's Product Name			IF APPLICABLE:	
Manufacturer's Part Number			Tool Identification Number	
Manufacturer's Serial Number			Tool Manufacturer/OEM	
Has the equipment been used, tested or operated? YES, Used or operated □ Go to Section 2 YES, Tested, but not connected to any process or production equipment, and only exposed to Nitrogen, Helium or Air □ Go to Section 4 NO □ Go to Section 4			Tool Model	
			Process	
			Installed Date De-installed Date	
			Part Number of Replacement Equipment	
			Serial Number of Replacement Equipment	
			Pump datalog attached? YES ☐ NO ☐ (Edwards Internal Use Only)	
SECTION 2: SUBSTANCES IN CONTACT WITH THE EQUIPMENT				
Are any substances used or produced in the equipment:			Note 1: Edwards will not accept delivery of any equipment	
<ul> <li>Radioactive, biological or infectious agents, mercury, poly chlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), dioxins or</li> </ul>			that is contaminated with radioactive substances, biological/	
			infectious agents, mercury, PCB's, dioxins or sodium azide, unless you:	
sodium azide? (if YES, see Note 1) YES □ NO □			Decontaminate the equipment	
Hazardous to human			Provide proof of decontamination     VOLUMEST CONTACT FOR ADDRESS FOR ADVICE REFORE VOLUMETURA	
health and safety? YES   NO   NO		YOU MUST CONTACT EDWARDS FOR ADVICE BEFORE YOU RETURN SUCH EQUIPMENT		
SECTION 3: LIST OF SUBSTANCES IN CONTACT WITH THE EQUIPMENT				
	Chemical	Precautio	ons required (for example,	Action required after a spill,
Substance name Symbol		use p	protective gloves, etc.)	leak or exposure
	<u> </u>			
	SECTION	4: RETU	RN INFORMATION	
Reason for return and symptoms of malfunction:				
For how many hours has the product run? Do you wish to purchase a full Failure Analysis report? YES \(\sigma\) NO \(\sigma\)				
If you have a warranty claim:  • who did you buy the equipment from?				
give the supplier's invoice number				
SECTION 5: DECLARATION				
Print your name: Print your job title:				
Print your organisation:				
Print your address:				
Telephone number: Date of equipment delivery:				
I have made reasonable enquiry and I have supplied accurate information in this Declaration. I have not withheld any				
information, and I have followed the Return of Edwards Equipment - Procedure (HS1).				
				Note: Please print out this
Signed: Date: _		Date: _		form, sign it and return the signed form as hard copy.
			signed form as natu copy.	

